

## Quiz #13

1. If a person measures their blood pressure in the following two positions, the readings will be

- A. Higher for A
- B. Higher for B
- C. The same at both positions.

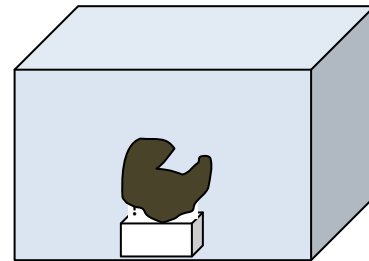


2. What is the pressure difference between two points in a container of water 0.20 m from the surface of the water and 0.50 m from the surface? Clearly specify at which point the pressure is higher.

3. An empty rubber balloon has a mass of 0.0070 kg. The balloon is filled with helium at a density of 0.179 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. At this density the spherical balloon has a radius of 0.300 m. If the filled balloon is tied down by a vertical string, what is the tension in the string? Include a free body diagram. Volume of a sphere is  $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$

4. A student demonstrates that a large misshapen rock of mass 6 kg sinks. The student carefully measures the increase in water level when the rock is placed in the container and determines the volume of water that the rock displaced is 0.0053 m<sup>3</sup>.

- a. What is the mass of the water that is displaced?
- b. Draw a free body diagram of the situation
- c. What apparent weight would a scale that is sitting on the bottom of the container measure for the submerged rock?



$$\rho = m/V$$

$$F_b = mg = \rho Vg$$

$$1 \text{ atm} = 1.013 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa} \quad \text{density of air} = 1.29 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$p = F/A$$

$$\Sigma \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$p = p_o + \rho g d$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\text{density of water} = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$