Quiz #10

Physics 221

Names:

1. If you have lots of 30 Ω and 70 Ω resistors, how could you build a circuit with an equivalent resistance of 36 Ω ?

- 2. Consider a discharging capacitor that has a charge of 2.5×10^{-3} C after half a time constant when the supply is 20V.
 - a. What is the maximum charge that can collect on a plate?
 - b. If the resistance is 14.6 k Ω , what is the time constant?

 $\Delta V = IR$ $C = Q/\Delta V$ $q = Q (1 - e^{-t/RC})$

 $I = \Delta Q / \Delta t \qquad P = I \Delta V = (\Delta V)^2 / R = I^2 R$ $R_{eq} = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + \dots \qquad I / R_{eq} = I / R_1 + I / R_2 + I / R_3 + \dots$ $q = Q e^{-t/RC} \qquad \tau - RC$