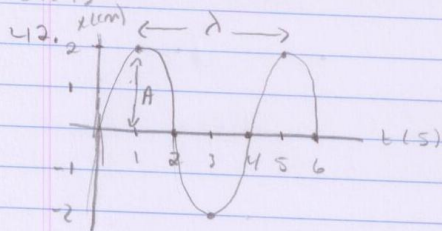


Ch 13



a) Amp.  $\therefore$   $\Delta x = 2.0 \text{ cm} = 0.02 \text{ m}$

b) Period  $(T) = 4.0 \text{ s}$

c) Frequency  $(f) = 1/4.0 \text{ s} = 0.25 \text{ Hz}$

d) max  $v$  of object

$$v = 2\pi f A \cos(2\pi f t) \text{ so max } v = 2\pi f A = 2\pi (0.25 \text{ Hz}) (0.02 \text{ m}) = 0.0314 \text{ m/s}$$

e.  $a = -4\pi^2 f^2 A \sin(2\pi f t)$  so max  $a = 4\pi^2 f^2 A$   
 $= 4\pi^2 (0.25 \text{ Hz})^2 (0.02 \text{ m}) = 0.049 \text{ m/s}^2$

f.  $x = A \sin(2\pi f t)$   
 $= 0.02 \text{ m} \sin(2\pi (0.25) t)$   
 $= 0.02 \text{ m} \sin(0.5\pi t)$

### Additional Problems

1.  $x = 0.015 \text{ m} \sin(12\pi t)$

a. Amplitude  $A = 0.015 \text{ m}$

b. Period  $T$ ? general form  $x = A \sin(2\pi f t)$

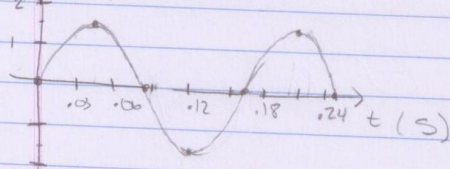
so  $12\pi$  must equal  $2\pi f$

$$12\pi = 2\pi f$$

$$f = 6 \text{ Hz} \quad \& \quad T = 1/f = 1/6 \text{ Hz} = 0.167 \text{ s}$$

c. Frequency  $f = 1/T = 1/0.167 \text{ s} = 6 \text{ Hz}$

d.  $x$  (cm)



e.  $v = 2\pi f A \cos(2\pi f t)$

$$v = 2\pi (6 \text{ Hz}) (0.015 \text{ m}) \cos(2\pi (6 \text{ Hz}) t)$$

$$v = 0.57 \text{ m/s} \cos(12\pi t)$$

$$a = (2\pi f)^2 A \sin(2\pi f t)$$

$$a = 72 \text{ m/s}^2 \sin(12\pi t)$$

f. max speed is when  $\cos(12\pi t) = 1$

$$\text{max } v = 0.57 \text{ m/s}$$

64. a) Amplitude = 15 cm  
b)  $\lambda = 12.0 \text{ m}$   $F = 1.25 \text{ Hz}$   
 $v = \lambda F = 12 \text{ m} \cdot 1.25 \text{ Hz}$   
 $= \underline{15 \text{ m/s}}$

