Exam 1 Phys 220 Fall 2012

Name:	Lab group:
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Note: There will be more multiple choice questions on the 2013 exam. Last year, people felt that each problem counted for too much. Expect closer to 20 multiple choice and 2 or 3 problems to work out.

- 1. Rank in order, from the most to the fewest, the number of significant figures in the following
numbers:A. 0.43B. 0.0052C. 0.430D. 4.321 x 10⁻¹⁰
 - a. B>C = A>D
 - b. D>C>B=A
 - c. D=B>C>A
 - d. B>D=C>A
- 2. If an object has a positive velocity and a negative acceleration, it means the object will
 - a. slow to a stop.
 - b. speed up.
 - c. slow down, turn around and speed up in the other direction
 - d. remain at a constant speed
- 3. When a ball is thrown up into the air, what is its acceleration at the top of its flight?
 - a. $a = 0 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - b. $a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - c. $a = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - d. Not enough information is given.
- 4. What does the slope of this graph represent?
 - a. Position
 - b. Velocity
 - c. Acceleration

Questions 5 - 7 The plot to the right shows the position of an object as a function of time. The letters H-L represent particular moments of time.

- 5. At which moment in time is the speed of the object the highest?
 - a. H
 - b. I
 - c. J
 - d. K
 - e. L
- 6. At which moment in time is the speed of the object equal to zero?
 - a. H
 - b. I
 - c. J
 - d. K
 - e. L
- 7. Sketch the corresponding velocity vs. time and acceleration vs. time graphs for the graph in #4.







- 8. Which of the following quantities does NOT include direction?
 - a. acceleration
 - b. displacement
 - c. speed
 - d. velocity
 - e. none of the above
- 9. Shown here are the velocity and acceleration vectors for an object in several different types of motion. In which case is the object slowing down and turning to its right?



- 10. Two bullets are fired simultaneously parallel to the ground from the same height. The bullets have different masses and different initial velocities. Which one will strike the ground first?
 - a. the fastest one
 - b. the slowest one
 - c. the heaviest one
 - d. the lightest one
 - e. They strike the ground at the same time.
 - f. Not enough information
- 11. A lion can reach a speed of 9.5 m/s in 1.0 s. A trout can reach a speed of 2.8 m/s in 0.12 s. (show all work on the back of this page)
 - a. Which animal has the largest acceleration?
 - b. How many g's does each undergo?
 - c. If a trout accelerated for 1.5 seconds, what would its final speed be?
 - d. Is your answer in c reasonable? Why or why not?
- 12. A cat leaps to catch a bird. If the cat's jump was at 60.0° off the ground and its initial velocity was 5.0 m/s, will it catch the bird if the bird is 1.0 meter above the ground? (Show all work on the back of this page)
- 13. A bus is moving at -17.0 m/s relative to the Earth. A passenger throws a ball to his friend. If the ball is thrown with a horizontal velocity of -4.0 meters per second relative to the bus, what is its velocity relative to the Earth? Use the symbolic notation for relative velocity to solve this problem.

$v_x = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = \frac{x_f - x_i}{\Delta t}$	$a_{x} = \frac{\Delta v_{x}}{\Delta t} = \frac{v_{xf} - v_{xi}}{\Delta t}$	$a = \frac{v^2}{r} \qquad \qquad f = \frac{1}{T}$
$x_f = x_i + v_{xi} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a_x (\Delta t)^2$	$v_{xf} = v_{xi} + a_x \Delta t$	$v_{xf}^{2} = v_{xi}^{2} + 2a_x \left(\Delta x \right)$
$\sin \theta = opp/hyp$	$\cos \theta = adj/hyp$	$\tan \theta$ = opp/adj
$a^{2} + b^{2} = c^{2}$	1609 meters = 1 mile	3600 seconds = 1 hour